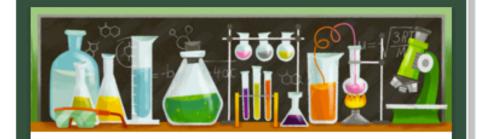
Chem 108: Lab Week 10

Sign in
Pick up graded papers
Sit at Lab Drawer Station

Chemical Reactions

Laboratory Manual:
Report Form
pp.46-52 DUE
Today

Post Lab (Individually Submitted): On-line Balancing Equations DUE Today



Chemical Reactions: Balancing Equations

Open the simulation and complete all of the questions that follow.

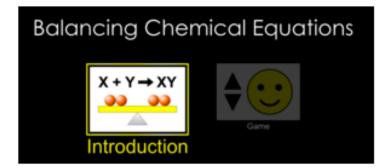
Name: Last, First *

DVC id *

e-mail address *

Required

https://phet.colorado.edu/sims/html/balancingchemical-equations/latest/balancing-chemicalequations_en.html



7 Solution Problem

Laboratory Manual: Procedure pp. 73-75; Report Form pp. 76-80; Aqueous Reactions

Do Today

To Do Today

Chem 108: Lab Week 10

In this experiment, you will react each of the following solutions with each of the others.

 $\begin{array}{ccc} 0.1 \ M \ AgNO_{3} & 0.1 \ M \ FeCl_{3} & 0.1 \ M \ NaCl \\ 0.1 \ M \ Pb(NO_{3})_{2} & 0.1 \ M \ Ba(NO_{3})_{2} & 0.1 \ M \ Na_{2}SO_{4} \\ 0.1 \ M \ KSCN & & & \end{array}$

When you have recorded all your observations in the table provided, you will receive an unknown consisting of seven numbered vials. Each vial will contain one of the solutions listed above. By reacting each solution with each of the others, you will identify and report the identity of the solution in each vial.

Equipment

From the stockroom: 6 micro test tubes

From your drawer: 2 beakers

Procedure

Obtain six micro test tubes from the stockroom. Clean them using a cotton swab as a test tube brush and rinse them with deionized water. Use a beaker to hold the test tubes. Put five to ten drops of silver nitrate solution in each test tube. Add to each of these about the same amount of one of the other solutions. Mix well. Wait for at least a minute and report your observations in the table provided. Empty the test tubes into your waste beaker and rinse them with deionized water. Clean the test tubes. Put five to ten drops of lead nitrate solution into five of the test tubes and mix it with equal amounts of the others, except silver nitrate, which it has already been mixed with. Mix well. Wait for at least a minute and report your observations. Continue this process until each solution has been mixed with each of the others. Empty your waste beaker into the aqueous metal waste container.

Write a net ionic equation for each reaction. There are twenty—one possibilities. If there is no reaction write NR.

Obtain a set of unknown solutions from your instructor. Record the unknown letters. Repeat the above procedure with each of the numbered unknown solutions. Report your results in the table provided. Empty your waste beaker into the aqueous metal waste container.

Report the identity of each of the unknown solutions.

7 Solution Problem

Given: 7 Unknown Solutions, which comprise the following set in some random order.

 0.1 M AgNO_3 $0.1 \text{ M Ba(NO}_3)_2$

0.1 M FeCl₃ 0.1 M NaCl

0.1 M KSCN $0.1 \text{ M Pb(NO}_3)_2$

 $0.1 \text{ M Na}_2\text{SO}_4$

Objective:

Identify the individual unknowns, which correspond to the seven, based on their respective aqueous double displacement reactions when mixed with each other.

Consider that there is a 7x7 matrix for all combinations, 49 in total. However, the solutions do not react with themselves and it will not matter in which order that they are added: A to B, or B to A. Reducing the total to (N-1)! (6 factorial, i.e. 6+5+4+3+2+1=21 possibilities)

SOLUBILITY RULES

- All ionic compounds containing Na⁺, K⁺, and NH₄⁺ are soluble.
- All ionic compounds containing NO₃⁻ are soluble.
- All ionic compounds containing C₂H₃O₂ are soluble except AgC₂H₃O₂.
- All ionic compounds containing Cl⁻, Br⁻, and I⁻ are soluble except AgCl, AgBr, AgI, PbCl₂*, PbBr₂, PbI₂, Hg₂Cl₂, Hg₂Br₂, and Hg₂I₂. (*PbCl₂'s solubility is very dependent on concentration and temperature.)
- All ionic compounds containing F⁻ are soluble except MgF₂, CaF₂, SrF₂, BaF₂, and PbF₂.
- All ionic compounds containing SO₄²⁻ are soluble except BaSO₄, SrSO₄, and PbSO₄. (Ag₂SO₄ and CaSO₄ are slightly soluble)
- All ionic compounds containing OH⁻ are insoluble except NaOH, KOH, and Ba(OH)₂.
- All ionic compounds containing S²⁻ are insoluble except Na₂S, K₂S, (NH₄)₂S, MgS, CaS, SrS, and BaS.
- All ionic compounds containing CO₃²⁻, PO₄³⁻, and CrO₄²⁻ are insoluble except Na₂CO₃, Na₃PO₄, Na₂CrO₄, K₂CO₃, K₃PO₄, K₂CrO₄, (NH₄)₂CO₃, (NH₄)₃PO₄, and (NH₄)₂CrO₄.
- 10. All common acids are soluble.

 0.1 M AgNO_3 $0.1 \text{ M Ba(NO}_3)_2$ 0.1 M NaCl 0.1 M KSCN

 0.1 M FeCl_3 $0.1 \text{ M Na}_2 \text{SO}_4$ $0.1 \text{ M Pb(NO}_3)_2$

Pb(NO₃)₃ Ba(NO_a)_a Na₂SO₂ KSCN FeCI₂ NaCl AgNO_a Pb(NO₃)₃ KSCN FeCI, Ba(NO₃)₂ NaCI

Mix solutions and predict the result for: $AgNO_3(aq) +$ $Ba(NO_3)_2(aq)$ AgNO₃(aq) + Ba(NO₃)₂(aq) \rightarrow

AgNO₃(aq) + Ba(NO₃)₂(aq) → Nothing Observed

Double Displacement Equation:

$$AgNO_3(aq) + Ba(NO_3)_2(aq) \rightarrow Ba(NO_3)_2(aq) + Ag(NO_3)(aq)$$

Net Ionic Equation:

$$Ag^{+}(aq) + NO_{3}^{-}(aq) + Ba^{2+}(aq) + 2 (NO_{3}^{-})_{2}(aq) \rightarrow Ba^{2+}(aq) + 2 (NO_{3}^{-})_{2}(aq) + Ag^{+}(aq) + NO_{3}^{-}(aq)$$

No Reaction / NR

 0.1 M AgNO_3 $0.1 \text{ M Ba(NO}_3)_2$ 0.1 M NaCl 0.1 M KSCN

 0.1 M FeCl_3 $0.1 \text{ M Na}_2 \text{SO}_4$ $0.1 \text{ M Pb(NO}_3)_2$

Pb(NO₃)₃ Ba(NO_a)_a Na₂SO₂ KSCN FeCI₂ NaCl No AgNO_a Rxn Pb(NO₃)₃ KSCN FeCI, Ba(NO₃)₂ NaCI

Mix solutions and predict the result for: $AgNO_3(aq) +$ $Ba(NO_3)_2(aq)$

 0.1 M AgNO_3 $0.1 \text{ M Ba(NO}_3)_2$ 0.1 M NaCl 0.1 M KSCN

 0.1 M FeCl_3 $0.1 \text{ M Na}_2 \text{SO}_4$ $0.1 \text{ M Pb(NO}_3)_2$

Pb(NO₃)₃ Ba(NO_a)_a Na₂SO₂ KSCN FeCI₂ NaCl No AgNO_a Rxn Pb(NO₃)₃ KSCN FeCI, Ba(NO₃)₂ NaCI

Mix solutions and predict the result for: $AgNO_3(aq) +$ NaCl(aq)

AgNO₃(aq) + NaCl(aq) → [White Precipitate: ppt]

Double Displacement Equation:

$$AgNO_3(aq) + NaCl(aq) \rightarrow AgCl(?) + NaNO_3(?)$$

$$AgNO_3(aq) + NaCl(aq) \rightarrow AgCl(s) + NaNO_3(aq)$$

Net Ionic Equation:

$$Ag^{+}(aq) + Cl^{-}(aq) \rightarrow AgCl(s)$$

 0.1 M AgNO_3 $0.1 \text{ M Ba(NO}_3)_2$ 0.1 M NaCl 0.1 M KSCN

 0.1 M FeCl_3 $0.1 \text{ M Na}_2 \text{SO}_4$ $0.1 \text{ M Pb(NO}_3)_2$

Pb(NO₃)₃ Ba(NO_a)_a Na₂SO₂ KSCN FeCI₂ NaCl No White AgNO_a Rxn ppt Pb(NO₃)₃ KSCN FeCI, Ba(NO₃)₂ NaCI

Mix solutions and predict the result for: $AgNO_3(aq) +$ NaCl(aq)

 0.1 M AgNO_3 $0.1 \text{ M Ba(NO}_3)_2$ 0.1 M NaCl 0.1 M KSCN

 0.1 M FeCl_3 $0.1 \text{ M Na}_2\text{SO}_4$

 $0.1 \text{ M Pb(NO}_3)_2$

				O16 0610		
	Pb(NO ₃) ₂	KSCN	FeCl ₃	Ba(NO ₃) ₂	NaCl	Na ₂ SO ₄
AgNO ₃				No Rxn	White ppt	
	Pb(NO ₃) ₂					
		KSCN				
			FeCl ₃			

Mix solutions and predict the result for: $AgNO_3(aq) +$ NaCl(aq)

(Show Dr.R. completed table & get an individual unknown.)

NaCl	

Compare Empirical Template to Individual Unknown Data Template

 0.1 M AgNO_3 $0.1 \text{ M Ba(NO}_3)_2$ 0.1 M NaCl 0.1 M KSCN

 0.1 M FeCl_3 $0.1 \text{ M Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ $0.1 \text{ M Pb(NO}_3)_2$

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